

Bottleneck Identification and Response System (BIRS)

Proposed Terms of Reference
By Angus and Claude Emile



Background

- Recent scaling up in malaria funding and commitments has led to unprecedented demands on country programmes.
- Reaching RBM 2010 targets will only be possible if resources are used efficiently and bottlenecks are rapidly and effectively addressed.



Terms of Reference

BIRS will:

- Track implementation progress through Country Roadmaps.
- Preemptively identify implementation bottlenecks and target TA.
- Harmonise communications to and from countries.
- Work through existing RBM structures leveraging the comparative advantage of partners.
- Be country driven!!



Mode of Action

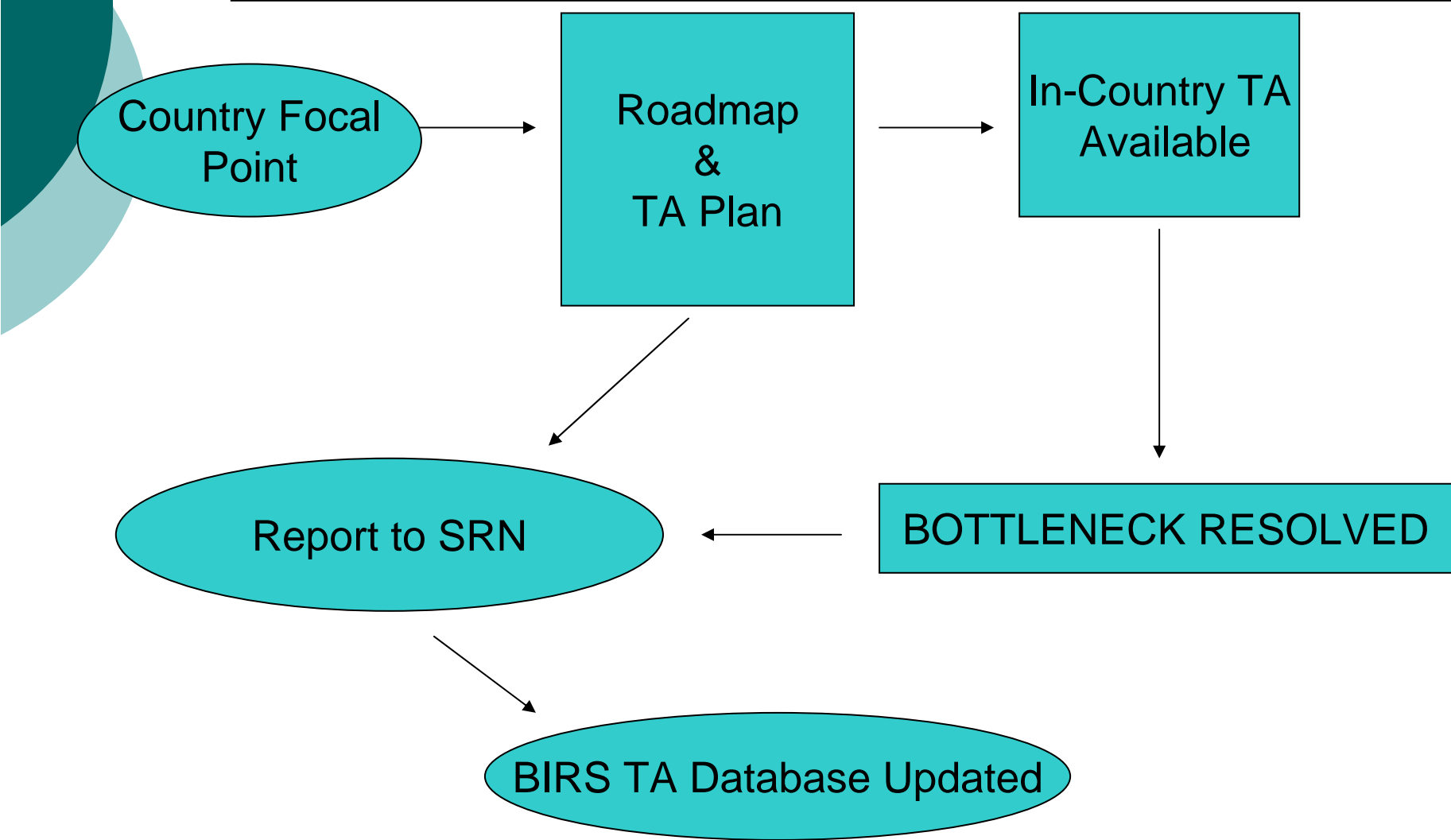
- Country focal point uses the Roadmap to track implementation and develop TA plans.
- SRNs to consolidate Roadmaps and TA plans on a monthly basis.
- TA will be provided through in-country sources as much as possible, SRNs and BIRS coordinator to coordinate extra-country support if required.
- RBM to update and maintain list of TA providers to allow rapid access for countries.



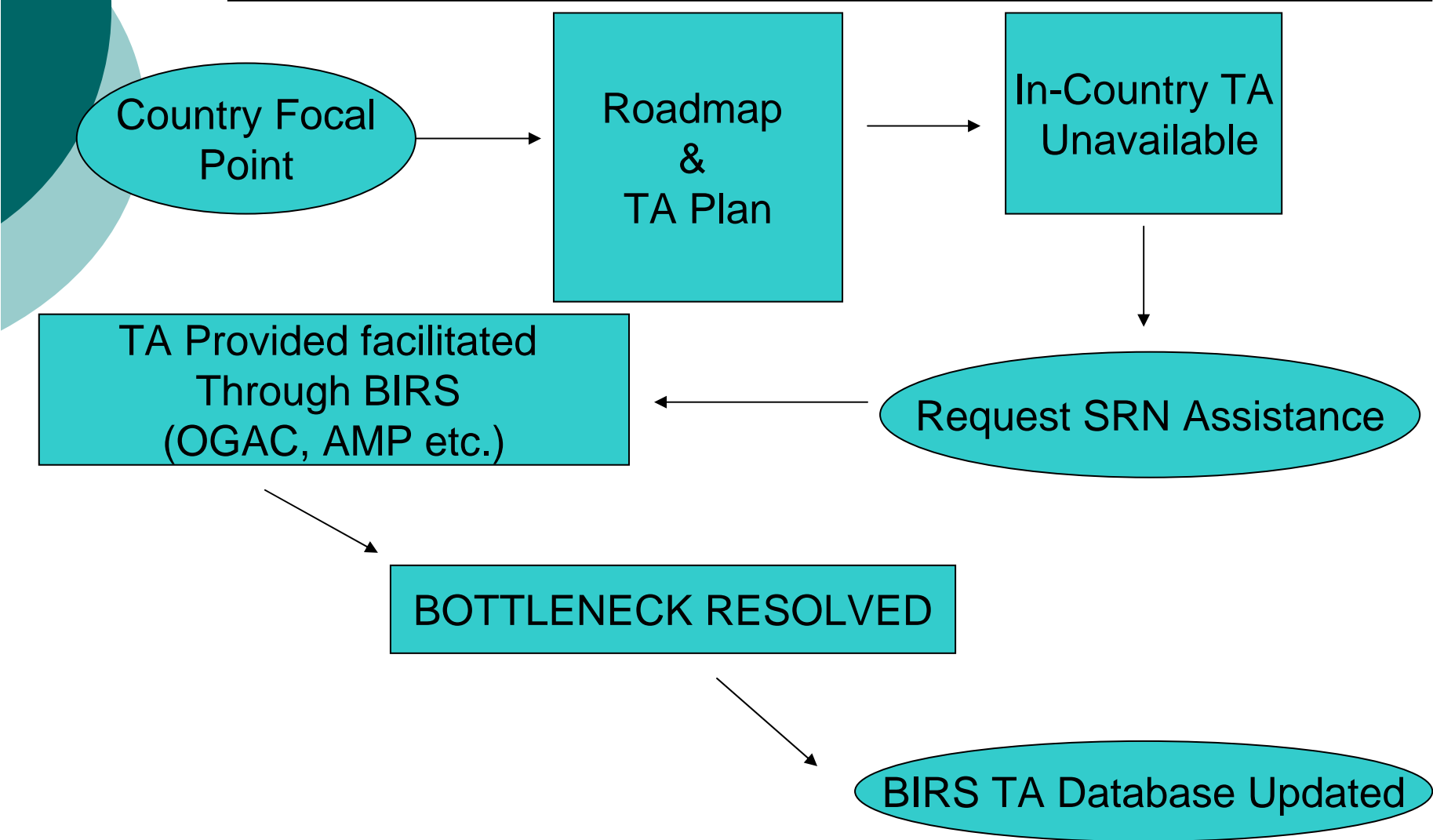
AMP, AMFm, workstreams

- AMP will continue to provide LLIN implementation tracking and LLIN TA support and overall coordination – in partnership with SRNs:
 - Ongoing LLIN Implementation Tracking
 - All LLIN scale up country requests triaged to AMP.
 - AMP and SRNs will coordinate on all country support decisions.
 - AMP works with SRN to coordinate response and identify TA resources.
- AMFm?

Country support flow for Local Resolution



Country support flow for External Resolution





Financing

- Need more flexible funding and resources at country level.
- SRNs need reliable and flexible funding to execute their workplan and possibly personnel strengthening.
- OGAC provides sufficient funding for most TA requests.
- AMP and AMFm workstreams have their own TA resources that can be leveraged
- Countries should be encouraged to make use of GF monies to provide TA.



Merci