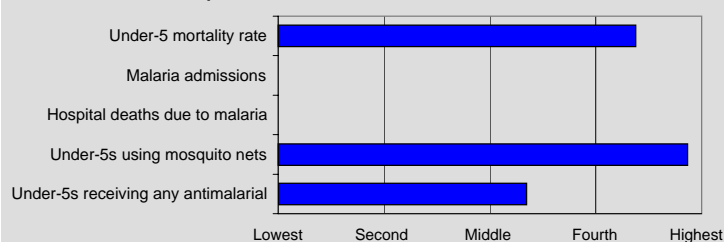


Guinea-Bissau

General indicators	Source	2001
Population (thousands)	UNPOP	1227
Population growth rate (%)	UNPOP	2.4
Infant mortality rate (per 1000)	UNICEF	130
Under-5 mortality rate (per 1000)	UNICEF	211
Crude birth rate (per 1000)	UNPOP	44.6
Pop. at endemic (epidemic) risk (%)	MARA ¹	100 (0)

Proportional rank for select indicators



Malaria morbidity and mortality

Hospital deaths due to malaria
Malaria admissions
Malaria outpatient attendance

Outpatient malaria cases (per 1000)
Inpatient malaria cases (per 1000)

0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%

Source 1998 1999 2000 2001

MoH 2 168

Mosquito nets and ITNs

Households with mosquito nets
Under-5s using mosquito nets
Households with ITNs
Under-5s using ITNs

0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%

Source 1998 1999 2000 2001

MICS 67

MICS 7

Antimalarial treatment

Under-5s receiving any antimalarial
Under-5s receiving chloroquine
Under-5s receiving any antimalarial <24 h

0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%

Source 1998 1999 2000 2001

MICS 58

MICS 58

Attending health facility

Under-5s receiving any antimalarial
Under-5s receiving chloroquine

0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%

MICS 48

MICS 48

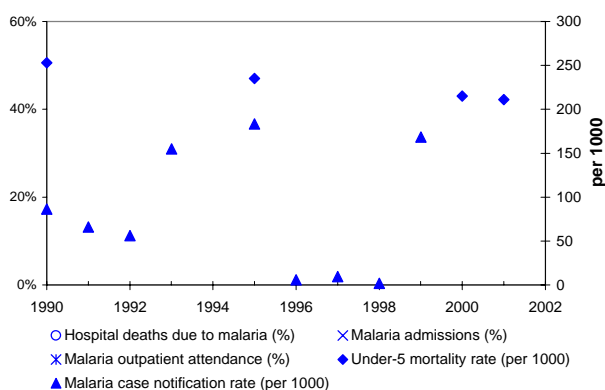
Malaria in pregnancy

PW receiving ANC at least once
PW attending ANC at least twice
PW receiving IPT at least once
PW receiving IPT at least twice
PW using mosquito nets
PW using ITNs

0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%

Source 1998 1999 2000 2001

MICS 62



Antimalarial treatment policy

Date adopted: ----

Uncomplicated	Probable	CQ 25 mg/kg
	Confirmed	CQ 25 mg/kg
Treatment failure		SP
Severe malaria		Quinine 3 times a day, 7 days
Pregnancy	Prevention	CQ weekly

Taxes and tariffs on insecticide-treated nets

Import tariff - nets
VAT - nets

Date

Notes

For an explanation of indicators, ranks, and other information, see the Country Profile Overview.

Sources listed reflect most recent value.

Case notification rate is based on number of reported outpatient cases.

Nationally representative surveys (MICS and DHS) are used for reporting intervention coverage estimates for 1) mosquito net and ITN possession and use and 2) antimalarial treatment.

¹ Population at risk is determined from modelling retrospective climate data and population projections. Percentage of population at risk does not vary by year.