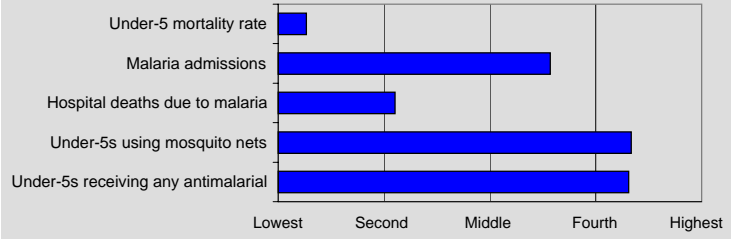


Comoros

General indicators	Source	2001
Population (thousands)	UNPOP	727
Population growth rate (%)	UNPOP	3.0
Infant mortality rate (per 1000)	UNICEF	59
Under-5 mortality rate (per 1000)	UNICEF	79
Crude birth rate (per 1000)	UNPOP	37.7
Pop. at endemic (epidemic) risk (%)	MARA ¹	

Proportional rank for select indicators



Malaria morbidity and mortality

Hospital deaths due to malaria	15%
Malaria admissions	35%
Malaria outpatient attendance	35%
Outpatient malaria cases (per 1000)	6
Inpatient malaria cases (per 1000)	2

0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%

Source	1998	1999	2000	2001
MoH		58	12	
MoH		37	34	
MoH		52	31	
MoH	6	14	14	
MoH	2	3	6	

Mosquito nets and ITNs

Households with mosquito nets	35%
Under-5s using mosquito nets	35%
Households with ITNs	10%
Under-5s using ITNs	10%

0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%

Source	1998	1999	2000	2001
MICS			36	
MICS			9	

Antimalarial treatment

Under-5s receiving any antimalarial	60%
Under-5s receiving chloroquine	60%
Under-5s receiving any antimalarial <24 h	60%

0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%

Source	1998	1999	2000	2001
MICS			63	
MICS			62	

Attending health facility

Under-5s receiving any antimalarial	40%
Under-5s receiving chloroquine	40%

0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%

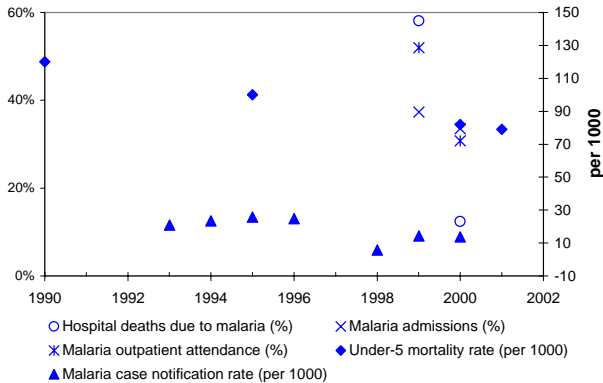
Source	1998	1999	2000	2001
MICS			41	
MICS			40	

Malaria in pregnancy

PW receiving ANC at least once	75%
PW attending ANC at least twice	75%
PW receiving IPT at least once	75%
PW receiving IPT at least twice	75%
PW using mosquito nets	75%
PW using ITNs	75%

0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%

Source	1998	1999	2000	2001
MICS			74	



Antimalarial treatment policy

Date adopted:	----	
Uncomplicated	Probable	CQ 25 mg/kg
	Confirmed	CQ 25 mg/kg
Treatment failure		SP
Severe malaria		Quinine 3 times a day, 7 days
Pregnancy	Prevention	CQ weekly

Taxes and tariffs on insecticide-treated nets

	Date
Import tariff - nets	
VAT - nets	

Notes

For an explanation of indicators, ranks, and other information, see the Country Profile Overview.

Sources listed reflect most recent value.

Case notification rate is based on number of reported outpatient cases.

Nationally representative surveys (MICS and DHS) are used for reporting intervention coverage estimates for 1) mosquito net and ITN possession and use and 2) antimalarial treatment.

¹ Population at risk is determined from modelling retrospective climate data and population projections. Percentage of population at risk does not vary by year.